

**\$2 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.**  
WHOLE NO. 819

Wisdom is the olive branch that springeth from the heart, bloometh on the tongue and beareth fruit in actions.

**THREE COMPANIES**

RAYMOND & CO.'S  
**MENAGERIE**



CHARLIE'S  
**ITALIAN CIRCUS.**  
And Gregory's Indian Exhibition

UNITED for 1855, will exhibit at *Shelbyville, Kentucky, October 1, 1855: for ONE DAY* and One Price of Admission to witness the Three Combined Exhibitions.

The Proprietors of the Menagerie, Circus, and Indian Troupe, with a desire to give entire general satisfaction, and to place their united Exhibitions beyond the reach of competition, have entered into arrangement between themselves for the combination of their three superb establishments into one combined exhibition: the whole of which may be now viewed collectively under one pavilion, at the price of admission heretofore required for each of the same exhibitions when separately.

The Procession into town will be formed of

decorated steeds, preceded by a full military band, driven through the principal streets in an appropriate carriage, followed by the Seneca Indian Chiefs, Warriors in their native costume, mounted on hunting horses, and fantastically decorated and parisoned, with the carriages, cages, and vans, containing the animals to the mammoth pavilion are for the exhibition.

Doors open at 2 and 7 o'clock.  
Admission 50 cents, children and servants  
25. For Particulars see large bills, lithographs,  
pictorial, pumpkins, &c.  
Sept 19  
e1548

**Miscellaneous.**

**GROVE HILL CEMETERY.**  
The subscribers to the GROVE HILL CEMETERY COMPANY are requested to pay immediately to JOE. HALL, Treasurer, the first installment of \$10 on subscriptions, as the Company cannot make contracts for commencement of work By order of the Board, J. H. WILSON, President  
Jul 25, 1855 1810

**THROUGH FOR \$150**  
**BECKLEY'S STAGE LINE.**—The price of tickets to Louisville by Beckley's Stage Line is 34 cents. Stage Lines, Lexington and Frankfort Railroad has been reduced to *Dollar and a Half*.  
Office in Shallegey, at Armstrong's Red House.  
JOHN R. BECKLEY.

**NOTICE.**—All persons indebted to the company

**IN A. S. WHITE, de-c'd,** are requested to  
IMMEDIATE PAYMENT, as the creditors are maintaining  
a settlement of their accounts. Those who do not  
must make the consequences, as the estate is  
being settled up.  
**C. I. WHITE,**  
**W. DANIEL,**  
*Executors of A. S. WHITE, de-c'd.*

**CANDLE MOULDS.**—A superior article  
Moulds, for moulding Candles, of Hard  
Metal and warranted. Manufactured by John  
W. ROBINSON, Syringes, and  
Britannia Ware. **JOHN CALVERLEY,**  
409 Race Street, Philadelphia.

Aug. 1. 1855

**TIME OUT!**  
OUR partnership has expired, and we desist  
to clear the business of the firm as soon as possible.  
Sincerely & anxiously,  
great indifference, but we must now close all our  
connections without delay.  
Aug. 1. 1855 **GEO. R. BERTS,**  
**AMST1**

**BIG BOOT!**  
GEO. ROWDEN will continue to manufacture  
the old standard of the "BIG BOOT" every variety  
of Ladies' and Gentlemen's fashionable fashions, d.  
and working BOOTS, SHOES, &c. Also Col.

He will keep on hand the usual amount of stock of Eastern Manufacturers; and also an assortment of Philadelphia best city-made work, manufactured expressly to his order.

He has also on hand a considerable amount of goods that he will continue to sell at very reduced prices.

G. R. takes this opportunity of returning his thanks for past favors and respectfully solicits a continuance of patronage.

Aug 1, 1855 Am-511

---

### A FINAL CALL.

All persons indebted to the Estate of Dr. R. ELIZABETH GLASS, dec'd., are hereby notified that they must pay forward immediately and pay off all notes and accounts; and those neglecting this notice, will have officers' costs added.

JOSEPH W. LOGAN, A. T.

J. R. WILSON, Agent

OF ELIZA GLASS, Executrix of Dr. R.

## TO THE HEIRS

of the Indian Wars, for a period of not less than four years, and for the purpose of making a claim for 160 acres. Those who have already received 160 acres are not eligible to receive an additional quantity to make their claim equal to 480 acres. For obtaining an 80 acre warrant, \$50.00 Fee—For obtaining an 160 acre warrant, \$80.00 Fee.

Regular correspondents who prepare cases forwarded them to the above address, for management and final disposal.

A Court of Claims having been created by Congress, before which all claims against the United States are to be presented for a decision, the undersigned will undertake the management of all claims made against the United States, and devote their best energy on to the interests of their clients.

They say no fee in advance will be charged, but make a small charge in advance, which may be applied upon unless they are successful in obtaining something for their clients.

Address  
JNO. S. & R. H. GALLAGHER  
Washington, D. C.

Land Warrants bought and sold. We Land Warrants and Revolutionary Script at big prices, giving the Government the benefit of other markets offered, excuse those immediately in need of land, and those who are not.

The advantage of sending Warrants to Washington is that discrepancies in assignments, which often cause delay and expense, are avoided. Apply, at the General Land Office, J. S. & R. H. G.



# The Shelby News.

AMERICANS SHALL RULE AMERICA.

The Shelby News is the largest and cheapest newspaper published in Kentucky. It is published every day except on Sundays and public holidays. It is published at the rate of \$2.00 per year in advance, and is sent to subscribers at the rate of \$1.00 per year in advance. It is published at the rate of \$1.00 per year in advance, and is sent to subscribers at the rate of \$1.00 per year in advance.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1855.

**ALL THE WHIGS NOT DEAD.**—The Whigs of Massachusetts have called a State Convention to meet at Worcester, on the 2d of October, for nominating State officers, and performing all other functions of a State Convention.

**Negro Candidates.**—The ultra Abolitionists of New York, have held their convention at Utica, and nominated their candidates for State officers, to be elected in November. On the ticket are two negroes!—Fred Douglass for Secretary of State and J. B. Pashon for Attorney General. The more political demagogue Abolitionists, are wonderfully put out about these nominations, and are denouncing the movement. What else could they have anticipated? They have been for years keeping up the Abolition excitement until their deluded followers and tools are beginning to have faith in their falsehoods, and are now returning the poisoned chalice to their own lips. We hope they will make them drink its contents to the very dregs.

Seven hundred thousand acres of land, advertised for sale in Minnesota, are withdrawn from market, by order of the commissioner of the General Land Office. The fact is the cause of much good feeling in the Territory.

**Gen. Harney left Fort Kearney** on the 4th of August, with 1,300 men, making forced marches to accomplish some purpose as yet unknown. He said to Mr. Morin, on leaving, "By good, I am for battle—no peace." All along the Platte the buffalo were to be seen in great numbers.

**PREMIUMS IN THE WORLD'S FAIR TO AMERICA.**—The Paris correspondent of the New York Tribune says that the following awards will probably be made to American articles on exhibition at the World's Fair. The prizes are not yet declared, but this is thought correct:

The juries of the exhibition have about finished their labors, and the following awards are reported to have been made to Americans: To McCormick's reaper, a gold medal; to Manny & Atkin's reaper, silver medal; to Singer's sewing machine, the highest premium on sewing machines; to Hammond's boiler-iron cutting machine, a silver medal (less than it deserved); to Ladd & Co.'s pianos, a silver medal; to Fowler & Prentice, dentists, a silver medal (the highest on dentistry); to Phil's thrashing machine, a gold medal.

**PROFITS OF WHEAT CULTURE.**—The Alton Courier recently gave two or three instances of the successful and profitable culture of wheat. One instance was that of Col. W. B. Warren, of Jacksonville, whose crop of wheat netted him \$20 per acre, clear of all expenses, at present prices. Another case was that of Mr. Constant, of Sangamon county, where the net profit was \$17 per acre. But these examples of good wheat culture are thrown in the shade by Mr. J. E. Arnold, of Shipman, Ill. He cultivated 7½ acres this season, and realized therefrom a net profit of \$320.84—or \$41.49 per acre. He says:

The land had been sometime in cultivation, and for the last few years had been in a row. Nothing else was done to the wheat or ground except what I have told you. Last year, I had twenty acres in May wheat, on the same farm, which cleared me about \$25 per acre, though I sold four hundred bushels at ninety-five cents in Alton.

**KENTUCKY INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE BLIND.**—The next session of this institution will commence on the first day of October, in the edifice recently erected for its accommodation. All persons intending to enter the school during the session are requested to be present at its commencement. Every candidate for admission must be of good mental capacity; must present a certificate from all offensive and infectious diseases; and must furnish satisfactory testimonials of unexceptionable moral character.

By a recent act of the Legislature, blind children, resident in Kentucky, are received without regard to their pecuniary circumstances, and educated at the expense of the State. They must furnish satisfactory evidence that they are inhabitants of the State of Kentucky.

The annual expenses of pupils from other States are one hundred and twenty dollars. All the pupils must be neatly and comfortably clothed during their residence in the institution, and their traveling expenses to and from the institution must be paid by their friends.

For additional information respecting the institution address

B. M. PATTEN, Louisville, Ky.

**NEW YORK, Sept. 16, 9 P. M.**  
Capt. Wright, who was wounded at the St. Nicholas Hotel, is still alive, but there are only slight hopes of his recovery. Mr. B., his antagonist, hails from Cincinnati. He once had a dispute with Geo. D. Prentice, which came near ending in an affray.

This has appeared as a telegraphic dispatch in the Journal and other papers. Our personal disputes and difficulties have been so exceedingly few that we are very sure we remember them all. We have no recollection however of ever having interchanged a word with Mr. Dean or of having even seen him. We are totally ignorant of him.—Louisville Journal.

The Invalid Rose publishes a long report from General de Breg of the bombardment of Sevastopol. General de Breg states the loss of the Russians during the bombardment to have been 44 men killed, 200 superior officers, three subaltern officers and 110 men wounded. In addition to this 11 men were killed on board the man-of-war Rostok, and one subaltern and 88 men wounded, and one sailor wounded on board the Escholtz.

**THE DEAD.**—A correspondent of the Baltimore American, writing from Norfolk, says: "A common spectacle in the street, is a cart laden with coffins, which are deposited at some convenient corner and removed thence by the undertakers, as occasion demands. Three or four of these coffins, stand together. The dead are immediately taken out of the houses, and placed upon the sidewalk: a strip of parchment, inscribed with the name, age, and dates of decease of the victim, being nailed on the lids of each coffin. A duplicate is preserved. The bodies of the dead are conveyed away by carts which traverse the streets at stated intervals."

**Maine.**—The recent election in Maine has resulted in the defeat of the Black Republicans. The anti-American papers in the South are endeavoring to make it out an American defeat. But it is not true, as is fully shown by the subjoined article:

From the Frankfort Commonwealth.  
**THE MAINE ELECTION.**—A shameful effort is now made in the South to induce the belief that the party which has just been defeated in Maine is the American party. It would be difficult to assert any thing further from the truth. There were three candidates for Governor in the field—viz: Morrill, the present incumbent; Wells, Democrat, and Reed, Whig. The chief elements of the party which supported Morrill, were ultra-Maine-lawism and abolitionism. This party supported and defended the celebrated "Maine Law," not merely as it was originally enacted, but with the very stringent and arbitrary amendments and additions that have lately been made to it. Their abolitionism was of the disunion sort; that Giddings, Sumner, and Giddings and Wade went on a mission from their homes in Ohio, to make stump speeches for the Morrill party in Maine. The "Democratic" then declined to defend the Pierce administration on the Nebraska-Kansas bill, and thus took a good deal of the wind out of the sails of the Morrill party, or Fusionists, or as they called themselves, the "Republicans." The Democratic also modified their opposition to the Temperance movement so far as to pledge themselves to "salutary restrictions" upon the liquor traffic. The old line Whig took pretty much the same position on both questions, and upon the latter avowed themselves in favor of "suitable prohibitory laws."

The "straight" or old line Whigs, as already mentioned, had a candidate for Governor of their own; but they generally collected with the Democrats in opposition to the Legislature, and even in the gubernatorial vote many of them appear to have gone for Wells as the candidate more likely to beat Morrill. A few extracts from our exchanges will show that we present the contest in its true aspect, and that American principles were not put in issue, and of course were neither triumphant nor defeated. Some of the Free-soil bolters from the American party and platform, joined the Morrill party, and tried to mix Americanism and Abolitionism. But it was no go. Abolitionism received them and was not without abolitionism still.

The "State of Maine"—a Whig paper, says:  
**THE FUSION PARTY OF MAINE IS NO MORE.**—It expired at sun-down on Monday, September 10, 1855, of a complication of diseases, the more prominent of which, were a weakness of its digestive organs and a short touch of Democratic cholera.

In the history of political diseases, we have never known a case where there was exhibited such signs of anguish on the part of the expiring sufferer, or where the pains of dissolution excited as little sympathy on the part of the spectators.  
The Eastern Argus, the Democratic paper, on the part of those who act with it, observes:  
"The returns in the towns from this vicinity, show gains for the Democratic candidate, which, if carried through the State, will elect him by the people by a handsome majority. The triumph is all that we could wish. Fusion, fanaticism and murderous Neal Dowsism have got a death-blow in their stronghold. We do not forget, however, that our victory is not an exclusive Democratic triumph. Our noble allies, the straight Whigs, deserve all praise for their generous and determined support which their patriotic love of the Union and their contempt for the present administration of our State affairs has induced them to render our cause, and with them we gladly share the honor of our success."

The New York Evening Post, Free-soil, says:  
The Republican party in Maine expected to make a great deal out of the popular election of the National Act, but they failed to see that feeling in their favor. Their adversaries would have no contest with them on that point; they surrendered that measure, and all the enormities which it has since engendered, to the odium they deserved, and confined the controversy, so far as they were concerned, to questions of State legislation. In none of the journals which opposed the election of Morrill, is the faintest allusion made of a Nebraska victory. The Portland Advertiser, a vehement supporter of Neal Dow and the liquor law, acknowledges the opposition to that law as the cause of Gov. Morrill's defeat.

The Boston Bee says: It is supposed by many that the defeat of Morrill is a defeat of the American party. Nothing could be further from the truth. The American party was hardly before the people at all. The real battle was waged in the anti-Maine law question. On one side was the anti-Maine law—the Liberator; on the other the Liberator—the Liberator. The straight-out Whigs made no very effective show, and are hardly worth the recognizing. Nothing is more evident than that the Republicans missed their calculations. Fusion does not appear to have answered. It is apt to ruin those who have to do with it. We think the canny party have entered the canvass as a party, and pushed their principles and men ahead, that the result would have been different from what it is.

The Portland correspondent of the New York Express, says:  
And now a sober word as to the meaning of this glorious day's work. It means, first, that Maine is not to be fooled by any political knaves such as have been imported to lecture her citizens into the support of disunion or abolitionism. This State means to take care of her own business, scornful of foreign dictation, and also intends to let her sister States control their internal policy. Set this State down in 1856 for "the Union as a whole."

As a whole, the result of the election is one in which our citizens may well take pride, inasmuch as fanaticism has this day received a blow from which it will not soon rally—and it has been a straight and open contest too. It has been conservatism against the known knaves, blagues, and lies, that the Tribune and its feeble imitators have hatched in the North. At one blow all has been swept from them.

For The Shelby News.

## Democratic Meeting.

At a Democratic meeting held in Shelbyville, Ky., on the 17th day of September, 1855, Judge JOSEPH P. FORER, was called to the chair, and ADAM F. SCARCE appointed Secretary.

The chairman having explained the object of the meeting, a motion was made and adopted, that the chairman appoint a committee to report resolutions to the meeting. And Capt. B. C. Stephens, C. Sanders, Peter Dumaree, James M. Thompson, and W. H. Mason were appointed the committee; who, after retiring a short time, reported, through their chairman, C. Sanders, the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Democrats of Shelby approve of the appointment of the committee to the late Democratic State Central Committee, be held at Lexington, on the 5th of October next.

Resolved, That we appoint as delegates to said convention, or meeting, every Democrat in the county, as well as all the anti-slavery Whigs in the county.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in The Shelby News, and the Democratic papers of Louisville.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

JOSEPH P. FORER, Chairman.

A. F. SCARCE, Secretary.

## Political Abolitionism.

The Louisville Journal, in noticing the remarks of the New York Times on the nomination of negro candidates for State officers in New York, makes the following very pertinent comments:

How very unkind it is in the editor of the Times to taunt his black brethren by reminding them that in New York they are nobodies, mere animals, excluded from contact with the whites even in the public conveyances. In the South, ladies have their colored maids in constant close connection with them—they help to dress them, they nurse them when they are sick, and ride with them in their carriages. Here the whites are the friends of the blacks. We do not pretend to give them political privileges, but their personal rights are carefully protected. But, at the North, the exhibition of sympathy for the negro is all pretense. The people of that region affect regard for the negro only to insult the feelings of the people of the South and make capital for a political party. It was but the other day that in the columns of the latter Horace Greeley turned a way in disgust at seeing a mulatto man dancing with a white woman at a ball in England. The fact is, the anti-slavery feeling at the North is all hollow—perfectly insincere; a sentiment so false that the deception is constantly being made apparent. The Times, the Tribune, and other papers of that ilk, loathe the negro in his personality, but they like him as the means of agitation. Without him, their occupation would be gone.

## A SOLEMN WARNING TO OUR COUNTRYMEN.

The New York Journal of Commerce, the very ablest of all the opponents of the American party, makes these admonitory remarks in a calm review of the Louisville riots:

Every little while some solemn warning, like the recent riot at Louisville, troubles the minds of thinking men, and points forward to that period of evil discord by which we may one day be convulsed, if a remedy is not applied to the evil created by our present national laws; but unfortunately the age is so peculiarly one of excitement for any single event to leave a lasting impression. Yet if citizens will look back twenty-five years, to a time when disorders that are common now, were regarded as impossible, and will then reflect upon the consequences of a like decline for another quarter of a century, they will be convinced of the danger of delay; and of the rapidity and strength that Anti-American influence is acquiring in the country.

## WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

The Herald's correspondent gives the following in his last letter:

The Washington Union has announced a postponement of Mr. Buchanan's return to the United States. Yet he returns at an early day, and Cupid will lend wings to his speed. He lands at New Orleans, proceeds to the Mississippi to Memphis, thence to Nashville, thence homeward by no particular route. The suggestion that this tour is made with an eye to the Presidency is erroneous. It is entirely a matter of the heart. Don't laugh, Mr. Editor! have it from the lips of one of the old backbones of the country, that the accomplished and amiable widow of one of the ex-Presidents of the United States is the great magnet which draws the distinguished diplomatist from the usual route of land.

The correspondent of the St. Louis Republican tells the same thing, and adds that the lady alluded to is Mrs. Polk.

## THE FALL FASHIONS IN PHILADELPHIA.

A gossiping correspondent of the N. York Mirror, writing from Philadelphia, tells us the fashions there this season are excessively fanciful:

Those ugly, detestable plaids, better suited to cover a floor than a delicately-formed lady, have again come in vogue; and in or out of show they are the more advantage, whale-bones or hoops are employed, which give an extra fullness to the skirt. Broad stripes, which being truly American and in perfect accordance with the republican spirit of '55 must be admired, are to be worn extensively; but, unfortunately, the neat gaiter-boot, which sets off the pretty foot and the well-formed ankle is to be discarded, and in its place high-heeled slippers, with large rosettes, are to be introduced. As regards bonnets, they appear to grow frightfully less and before winter sets in it is probable that a large rosette fixed on the head will take its place.

## CURE FOR MURKIN.

We are told by a friend, in reply to the request last week for a cure for the murkin, that cattle infected with the disease may be cured by running them through the woods until a discharge from their bowels is effected.

In some instances the discharge is caused by a short chase, and in others it requires a longer time. The cattle must not be permitted to stop, but must be pushed from the first jump—get the dogs after them, clubs, and every thing so as to make them go it.

Our informant learned the remedy from an old Texas cattle raiser. "There is no harm in trying it. A cow might as well die a running as standing still, even if the running should avail nothing,—and besides it is fine fun to chase an old cow round through the brush for an hour or so—it gives one an appetite and makes him feel he is engaged in a very philanthropic duty at the same time.—Oreola Independent.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 18.

## From Norfolk and Portsmouth.

By the steamboat from Norfolk this morning, dates were received to noon Monday. There were 48 deaths in 48 hours preceding. At Portsmouth there had been only 17 deaths in the previous two days, and the number of new cases very few. In some parts of the city the disease has altogether disappeared. Drs. Rogers and Briggs, of Philadelphia have been attacked with the fever.—The Rev. Mr. Baynes of the Baptist Church, and the Rev. Mr. Christolph of the Episcopal Church of Norfolk, have both fallen victims to the fever. Mrs. Jane Dewey, a very wealthy lady of Norfolk, is also included among the deaths by fever.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 19.—The steamboat Georgia arrived this morning from Norfolk, and brings tidings of an increase in mortality in Norfolk and Portsmouth. At Norfolk there were 45 deaths on Monday, and 20 up to noon on Tuesday. At Portsmouth 17 deaths occurred between dusk on Monday and noon of Tuesday. A large number of new cases have occurred. Among the deaths at Norfolk are Dr. Geo. L. Uphur, ex-Mayor Delany and another son of Rev. A. Smith. Jos. Wells, President of Virginia Bank, is ill, and also John Harris.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 21.—Intelligence from Norfolk states that thirty deaths occurred Wednesday, and twenty to noon Thursday. Mr. Ferguson, President of the Howard Association, is very ill, and which has caused a renewed panic. Immense quantities of tar have been burned in both Norfolk and Portsmouth. No abatement has taken place in the disease. Dr. Cupin and a nurse, from New York, are ill with the fever. Drs. Turrell and Blow are also extremely ill. Dr. Gordon is still living. At Portsmouth 11 deaths occurred to noon of Thursday. New cases are numerous in both cities, generally considered no abatement yet occurred.

## ABSTRACT OF A REMARKABLE GERMAN DOCUMENT ON PROTECTION AGAINST CHOLERA.

—There has been in Germany, and at this time particularly in Bavaria, a scientific medical examining commission appointed, concerning the nature and the spreading of the Cholera, and the means of protection against it. An effectual check has in fact been given to this disease. The Bavarian Sanitary Commission, after spending more than a year in research, has at length reported through its chairman, Prof. Dr. PETTENKOPFER, a man known alike in science and in business, in the latter having made a highly valuable discovery in Gas illumination. This report has given so important a disclosure and is of such weighty interest to the subduement of the cholera epidemic, that the government in Bavaria immediately distributed the same in hundred of thousands of circulars among the public. Perhaps no work ever created greater excitement and satisfaction than this document. The principal results that have been attained in this Report, by means of hundreds of thousands of facts of the most convincing kind, may be comprised in the following:

1. There is really no cholera-catching matter (contagion) in the common acceptance of the term; nevertheless the disease can be conveyed from one place to another.

2. The cholera always takes its course in the direction of the natural passage of trade, (rivers, lakes, etc.)

3. The level of a place above or below the level of the sea, is not material in the reception of the disease.

4. The air contains no cholera-catching matter, and the disease therefore does not follow the direction of the wind.

5. Just as little is it carried forward by or spread through the water.

6. In return, the earth receives and develops the cholera-catching matter from the excrement of cholera patients.

7. The excrements of patients in privies or close-stalls generate the catching matter, and are the real cause of the same.

8. The gases that are developed by the decomposition of organic matter, and particularly of excrements, permeate the earth, rise to the surface, and become the cause of fevers and cholera.

9. Not a single cholera case was observed in Bavaria the cause of which could not be traced back to the means of the excrement.

10. The close stools of persons that are infected, and are in the first stage of the disease, and especially of those who are already suffering from that Diarrhea which is always the forerunner of the real cholera, are more contagious than those of persons who have the cholera as a disease.

11. The cholera has always been brought to a place in which the epidemic never before appeared, by a sick person, and in fact the spread caused by means of the excrement of the same coming in contact with the earth. In no other way does this propagation take place. Direct contact with the patient, the inhalation of the air in the sick room, the washing of the corpse, yes, even the dissection of the same does not impart the disease.

12. Not every species of earth acts on the decomposing process in the same manner, and the spreading of the catching matter is therefore dependent upon the constitution of the soil on which the buildings have been erected. On rocky soil, granite or sandstone, the cholera never becomes epidemic. In return, on clay or calcareous earth, or in general, in earth that keeps the ground damp, the catching matter flourishes best.

13. The cholera poison can be kept within a person for from one to twenty-eight days before breaking out. This accounts for the spreading of cholera to distant places.

14. The disease is imparted to the tenants of a house, that have not been infected by direct contact, by sleeping in apartments to which the above named catching poison can come to.

15. To prevent further infection and spreading, the close-stools must, before they are emptied, be made harmless, by an addition of sulphate of iron, or green coppers dissolved in water. Chloride of lime does not suffice, because it only purifies the air, and does not destroy the cholera poison.

16. Where strangers, out of cholera districts, stop, the vault ought to be cleaned at least once a week by an addition of sulphate of iron. The same ought to take place at all inns and hotels. In the different apartments of hospitals the air ought to be purified by papers, moistened with spirits of turpentine and exposed to the air, placed at different places.

17. The clothes of a patient, that have in the least degree been soiled by excrements, should not be washed or soaked, because the poison is often called forth and spread thereby in the most dangerous manner. It should invariably be burned in a stove that enters a flue.

18. There are no other means of preventing cholera, or its spreading, than those which tend to render harmless the decomposition of the human excrements, and their being led off and removed in the best and safest manner.

**PLATO'S IDEA OF TRUTH.**—Plato asserted that if truth were to come down from heaven and display itself in all its glory on earth, all men would instantly fall down and worship it. What Plato said was an hypothesis, inspired history records to have been a most lamentable miscalculation on his part. Truth came down from the skies; appeared upon man in untainted glory, beauty, perfection; neither hell nor earth was able to detect a flaw in it; but as false proved the prophecy of the learned philosopher, that the world rose up against it, and shouted in a voice of thunder—"Away with him! crucify him! crucify him! Not this man but Barabbas." If Plato had known what the child in our Sunday or Ragged Schools is being taught, that the heart of man is "enmity against God," he would not have uttered any such prediction.

## EMINENCE FAIR.

List of premiums at the Fifth Annual Exhibition of the Union Agricultural and Mechanical Association, to be held at the Fair grounds, near Eminence, on the 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, and 6th days of October.

### FIRST DAY.—Manufactures—Domestic.

Jeans, fine, 10 yards,	premium, \$ 5 00
Jeans, negro, 10 yards,	" 3 00
Linsey, white, 10 yards,	" 3 00
Linsey, colored, 10 yards,	" 3 00
Linsey, plaid, 10 yards,	" 3 00
Flannel, white, 10 yards,	" 3 00
Best Carpet, wool, 30 yards,	" 8 00
Best Carpet, rag, 30 yards,	" 5 00
Blankets, best pair,	" 5 00
Hose, woolen, best pair,	" 2 00
Hall Hose, woolen, best pair,	" 2 00
Suit of Clothes, cut and made by a lady,	5 00
Best quilt, linen,	3 00
Best specimen Needlework,	5 00
Best specimen Embroidery,	5 00
Coverlet, woolen,	5 00
Coverlet, cotton,	3 00
Best Quilt, cotton, white,	10 00
Best Quilt, cotton, patch-work,	10 00
Second best, do	5 00
Best Quilt, silk, patch-work,	10 00
Second best, do	5 00
Best made cloth Coat,	5 00
Best made Hat,	5 00
Best pair Ladies' Shoes,	3 00
Best Butter, 5 lbs.,	3 00
Best Cheese, 5 lbs.,	3 00
Best Honey, 5 lbs.,	3 00

No article manufactured by machinery shall be allowed to compete with the handiwork of the ladies in the above list.

Judges—Shelby Vannatta and J. L. C. Caldwell, of Shelby; Charles Ketchum and Richard Tinsley, of Henry; A. M. Gazlay, of Oldham.

### Fruits and Vegetables.

Best 1 bushel Apples,	3 00
Best 1 bushel Peaches,	3 00
Best 1 bushel Pears,	3 00
Best peck Grapes,	3 00
Best 1 bushel Tomatoes,	2 00
Best 1 bushel Carrots,	2 00
Best 1 bushel Beets,	2 00
Best 1 bushel Turnips,	2 00
Best 1 bushel Parsnips,	2 00
Best 3 heads Cabbage,	2 00
Best 1 bushel Onions,	2 00
Most beautiful bouquet of Flowers, exhibited by a lady,	3 00

### Judges.—E. D. Hobbs and Lawrence Young, of Jefferson; D. Brannin, of Henry; C. D. Bouncey, of Shelby; Henry Burton, of Oldham.

### Poultry.

Turkeys, best pair,	2 00
Ducks, best pair,	2 00
Chickens, best pair of any kind,	2 00
Pea Fowls, best pair,	2 00

Judges—Wm. Armstrong, of Shelby; L. E. B. J. M. Barbour, E. T. Berry and John Calloway, of Henry.

### SECOND DAY.—Cattle.

Best 4 years old and over, \$10 00
Best 3 yrs old, and under 4, 8 00
Best 2 yrs old, and under 3, 8 00
Best 1 yr old, and under 2, 8 00
Best under 1 year, 8 00
Cows.—Best 4 years old and over, 10 00
Best 3 yrs old, and under 4, 8 00
Best 2 yrs old, and under 3, 8 00
Best 1 yr old, and under 2, 8 00
Cows.—Best 1 yr old, and under 2, 8 00
Best under 1 year, 8 00

Judges—James M. Todd, of Shelby; F. Smith and John Avery, of Henry; B. J. Clay, of Bourbon; Wm. Barnhill, of Oldham.

### Fatted Cattle.

Best fatted Steer, free martin or spayed heifer, 1 year old,	\$8 00
Best do, 2 years old,	8 00
Best do, 3 years old,	8 00
Best Bullock, free martin or spayed heifer, aged,	8 00
Best milk Oxen,	8 00
Best Milch Cow, to be milked on the ground,	8 00

Judges—Henry Harris, of Shelby; Lewis R. Helm, of Jefferson; A. Nicholas, of Henry; A. Tarleton, of Oldham; Joseph Hughes, of Boone.

### Hogs.

NOTE.—All Hogs, except aged Boars, to be shown in the ring. The ages of Hogs to be counted from the time they were pigged, and to be certified to by the raiser, if required by the Judges.

Best pair Pigs, under 6 months old,	\$8 00
Best Boar over 6 months and under 12 months,	8 00
Best Sow, do do do 12 months,	8 00
Best aged Boar,	10 00
Best aged Sow,	10 00
Best 3 fatted Hogs,	8 00
Best Sow and Pigs,	5 00

Judges—A. S. White, of Shelby; John Martin, of Montgomery; A. Rees, Samuel Calloway, and J. G. Taylor, of Henry.

### THIRD DAY.—Agricultural Implements and Products.

Best old Plow,	\$8 00
Best stubble Plow,	8 00
Best Harrow, two-horse,	2 00
Best Cultivator,	2 00
Best Farm Gate,	2 00
Best large Roller,	2 00
Best Straw Cutter,	2 00
Best Hay-Rake, (improved)	2 00
Best two-horse Wagon,	5 00
Best Saddle and Bridle,	5 00
Best Threshing Machine,	8 00
Best Spinning Wheel,	2 50
Best Wheat Fan,	5 00
Best Hemp Brake,	2 00
Best one-horse Buggy,	8 00
Best two-horse Carriage,	10 00
Best Mowing Machine,	8 00
Best Corn Planter,	5 00
Best Clover seed Sower,	3 00
Best Reaping Machine,	5 00
Best bread Corn, 1 bushel,	2 00
Best stock Corn, 1 bushel,	2 00
Best Irish Potatoes, 1 bushel,	2 00
Best Sweet Potatoes, 1 bushel,	2 00
Best Wheat, 1 bushel,	2 00
Best Rye, 1 bushel,	2 00
Best Oats, 1 bushel,	2 00
Best sample Leaf Tobacco, 10 lbs.,	5 00
Best 50 lbs. of the dried Hemp, from brake,	5 00
Best written Essay on the culture and management of a Corn Crop,	5 00

Judges—Jno. A. Hornsby and Samuel Booker, of Shelby; T. H. Jackson and Thos. Lindsey, of Henry; John Fible, of Oldham.

**Judges of Plows.**—John Kiser, of Shelby; James Vincent and John Barnhill, of Oldham; Saml. McVaine and A. C. Crabbs, of Henry.

### Sheep.—Fine Wool.

Best Buck, aged, 2 years and over,	\$5 00
Best Buck, 1 year old, and under 2,	5 00
Best pair Lambs,	5 00
Best Ewe, 2 years and over,	5 00
Best Ewe, 1 year old and under 2,	5 00

### Long Wool.

Best Buck, aged, 2 years and over,	\$5 00
Best Buck, 1 year old, and under 2,	5 00
Best pair Lambs,	5 00
Best Ewe, 2 years and over,	5 00
Best Ewe, 1 year old, and under 2,	5 00

### Middle Wool.

Best Buck, 2 years and over,	
------------------------------	--



**LIBERTY AND UNION—ONE AND INSEPARABLE.**

**THE SHELBY NEWS**

Sept 26: Stock, Crop, &c., of A. Rains. See adv.  
Oct 1: Land in Oldham co. See adv.  
Oct 15: Farm and Personal Property of Wm A. Bell. See advertisement and bills.  
Oct 16: Farm, &c., of R. B. Smith. See adv.  
Oct 17: Stock, Crop, &c., of Jordan Harris. See adv.  
Oct 20: Farm, Crop, Stock, &c. of James W. George. See advertisement.

**AT PRIVATE SALE**  
Farm, of George Price. See advertisement.  
Farm, by N. C. Beckham.  
Town Residence, and 400 acres of wood land, by W. M. Wells.  
The fine Residence of Mrs. Lane, in Shelbyville. The Farm of Col. S. Todd. See advertisement.  
Residence of W. A. Jones. See adv.  
Farm of W. H. Seare, in Woodford.

**Thomason Council, No. 159,**  
OF THE AMERICAN ORDER, meets in the Court House, every THURSDAY NIGHT, at 7 o'clock.  
HENRI F. MIDDLETON, President.

**New Correspondent.**—We have received a contribution to our columns from a new Correspondent, which we will insert in our next issue. We tender to the fair and talented "JAN" our thanks for the compliment she has paid us, in gracing the columns of "The Shelby News" with the emanations from her gifted mind.

**Omitted.**—We have in type the letter from Hon. JOHN McPHERSON BERRIEN, in favor of Americanism, but are compelled to leave it out until next week.

**Having considerable job work in the office,** we will have less time to devote to our editorial duties for the coming two or three weeks. But shall endeavor to make up for it hereafter.

**SALES.**—On the 17th instant, there was a very large amount of stock, etc., sold in this place at public sale. We have had reported to us the sales of only one Auctioneer, WILLIAM B. TRIMBLE, Esq. His sales, principally of cattle and horses, amounted to \$3,218.30.

**The G. L. of I. O. of O. F. now in session** at Baltimore, on the 21st, rejected the amendment offered last year to the constitution proposing to strike therefrom all reference to Encumbrances. Other important amendments were also rejected.

**"At the Know-Nothing Republican Convention** held in Madison, Saturday, September 15th, neither Messrs. Marshall nor Bartlett spoke. The oratory was done up by Messrs. Cravens, Sheets and Dunn."—*Louisville Courier.*

**No man of common sense expected them** to attend; and no man with honest intent would have published that they would. The fact Republicans of Indiana knew when they issued their announcement, that it was false.

**More thanks to our kind friends** who are aiding in extending the circulation of The Shelby News. Roll on the ball friends. To the ladies we are especially under obligations for their good opinion. We have the best evidence—that of husbands, lovers and brothers—that The Shelby News is the paper of every family in which it goes. It is first asked for; first read, and the most praised. A gentleman called the other day and subscribed; and said we must send it in the name of his lady; for while he thought the Louisville Journal was the best city, and The Shelby News the best country paper published—especially as it had always advocated Americanism.

**Another gentleman informs us,** that some ladies of this county have started the proposition to raise a club of fifty to one hundred. That's the kind of backers.

**Could not some of our female friends** get about Christiansburg and Hardinsville, find out a club in each vicinity? They need a few more copies than this vicinity.

**The Louisville Riots.**—After a long time the Sag-Nicht press of Louisville have commenced the publication of what they call "the true history" of the election riots. The stories are all vamped up. With more cunning than honesty, the Sag-Nichts have lost their freshness in the minds of the people. The certificates signed by Geo. A. Caldwell, F. S. J. Ronald, Wm. P. Thomason and other respectable anti-Americans are not sworn to, and are but statements of what the certifiers have heard in relation to the riots. But one remarkable fact is, that all the certifiers have omitted to state what gave a beginning to the disturbances! It was the provocation,—the beginning of the riots, that was charged, and proved, upon the foreigners; and all the certificates and affidavits of the Sag-Nichts have not, and cannot, alter the fact, that the entire blame of the beginning of the riots, on the 6th of August, justly rests upon the foreigners of Louisville; and that they were instigated thereto by the Louisville Times, and Democrat, and some of the leading Sag-Nicht leaders, who, like B. L. CLARKE, and other men of debased minds, stigmatized and vituperated—slandered and libeled the American party with all the epithets of contumely and villany that their billingsgate vocabulary afforded, or their depraved and polluted hearts and brains could invent.

**The Louisville Journal promises to give** a complete refutation and exposure of all the statements made by the Sag-Nicht certifiers; and we will then notice them further.

**A Sockdologer.**—We find the following in the Louisville Journal, in reference to one of the Sag-Nicht certifiers:

In the affidavit of one Caleb B. Townley, in reference to what occurred at the First ward polls on the 6th of August, as publishing it is stated that between seven and eight o'clock a German was struck on the head with a stick, by the door-keeper of the First ward polls.

I was the door-keeper of the First ward polls on the 6th of August, and I pronounce the statement of Caleb B. Townley that I struck a German on the head with a stick utterly false, and the man who swears to it a liar and a perjured villain.

**JESSE F. HAMMON.**

There is no doubt, that every man who does not take the Shelby News loses more each year than five times the subscription price. So friends for your own interests you should take the News. It is only \$2 a year.

**KENTUCKY CONFERENCE.**—This body is now in session in Danville. Bishops PAINE and KAVANAUGH are present. There are about seventy or eighty members present.

**Contemptible.**—The Lexington Statesman, infamously asserts that the American party—or "Know Nothings," as he styles them—of New York are fused with the Abolitionists who nominated Fred Douglas and Pashan. The Statesman knows that all shades of Abolitionists are deadly hostile to the American party; and for the same reason that the Statesman is: the Americans are opposed to demagoguery and disunion.

In Indianapolis Mrs. Latherman has been released from punishment for selling liquor, because the prohibitory law has no provision that females shall be imprisoned.—Under this decision liquor can be sold any where in Indiana by women.

**CINCINNATI COLUMBIAN.**—We perceive that Ed. Wm. JOHNSON, Esq., one of the most distinguished newspaper writers in the country, has become associated with the Cincinnati Columbian, as one of its Principal Editors. His accession to the Columbian will make that already superior paper, one of the first in the country. Mr. JOHNSON was for several years associated with the National Intelligencer, the Richmond Whig, and other papers; and as a Washington Correspondent for some of the leading papers in the United States, under the cognomen of "Il Segretario," he earned an enviable reputation for the ability of his arguments, and the justness of his views. In his salutary to the readers of the Columbian he says:

In short, while this Union of ours remains uninsured, I will tolerate no Northern incendiary, no Southern fire-eater, nor suffer, if I can prevent it, any finger of fire-brands or dealer in combustibles whatever, to get employment about our premises.—For I belong to the good old Harry Clay House Company No. 1, and wish the grand old house that Geo. Washington built for us all, to stand unscathed, down to the general conflagration.

"It is a remarkable fact that outside of Kentucky, there is but a single exception, the Hon. Geo. E. Badger, of North Carolina, no Whig of any intellectual distinction who has joined the Know-Nothing order."—*Mayville Express.*

Recently, we think, the Express was very strenuously urging the statement that the American party was "a Whig trick;"—"Whigery in disguise," etc. Of course it believed so! And we presume that it believes the statement in the paragraph quoted above! But both propositions are erroneous. Though the American movement is not a "Whig trick," yet, if the Express will inquire around a little, it will find that a majority of the Whigs "of any intellectual distinction" in every Southern and Northern State, approve of, and endorse the American Platform of Principles, and support the party.

An exchange says that a number of abandoned women in Norfolk, Virginia, have, since the breaking out of the yellow fever in that city, been most unceasing in their attention to the sick, and have proved the most valuable nurses. They have been the means of saving a number of lives, and in such angelic labors—for the deeds are heavenly things performed by the former daughters of sin—several of them have died—died at the post of duty and mercy, administering to the victims of the plague.

**TENNESSEE ELECTION.**—Full returns have been received from all the counties in the State but Morgan, Rhea, Wayne and Lauderdale. Exclusive of those counties Johnson has a majority of 2,078. The four counties not heard from are reported to have given Johnson a majority of 127. If these reports are correct Johnson's majority in the State is 2,205.

**Should be Known.**—The Post Office Department publishes the following notice, to warn persons from transgressing the laws:

It is a penal offence to deposit in any post office, or to convey in the mail, any envelope or packet containing letters addressed to different persons. The law upon which the above is based is frequently violated by persons who are, perhaps, not aware of its existence. The thirteenth section of the act approved March 3, 1847, reads that every person offending in the manner indicated above "shall forfeit the sum of ten dollars, to be recovered by action *qui tam*, one half for the use of the informer, and the other half for the Post Office Department." There is one exception, however, and that is in case of letters addressed to foreign countries.

**A Disappointment.**—The Danville Tribune of Friday last notices a sad Sag-Nicht disappointment:

**THE BANNER FOR ADAIR.**—The Sag-Nicht Jubilee in Adair was to come off yesterday, and we presume occurred agreeably to appointment—with, however a slight variation from the programme as originally made out. The fine banner which was to have been presented by the Democrats of this county to their brethren in Adair, we suppose was not handed over, and of course several exceedingly pretty speeches which were to have been made, containing sundry feeling and patriotic allusion to the said flag, were knocked into a cocked hat.—The banner we learn was taken from the County Clerk's office in this place on Tuesday evening, by "some person or persons unknown to the jury," and has not since been heard of. This is a trick which may do to laugh at, but it is one which cannot be approved. Though of course the blame will be placed upon the whole American party of this place, the members of that party are, as a general thing, the very last men who would countenance such a degradation upon the rights property, and enjoyment of their opponents.

There was a sale of \$2,000 Kentucky six per cent bonds, at New York, September 18, at \$101.

The yellow fever is spreading all over the South. It is making terrible havoc at Natchez, Vicksburg and Waterproof. Nearly all the inhabitants of Waterproof are sick.

**Court of Appeals.**—The Court of Appeals assembled on Thursday last. Among the causes decided was Clarke vs. Clarke, from this county, which was affirmed.

**FOUND.**—Major MARKLAND, of Kentucky, a clerk in the Quarter-master General's office at Washington City, recently disappeared; and it was feared he had committed suicide. But a few days since he was discovered near Pittsburgh, in a deranged state of mind. He had walked all the way from Washington.

**THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE.**—The Washington Star reviews the chances of the several candidates of the opposition for Speaker of the next House of Representatives, and disposes of them by saying that Mr. Colman's defeat, Mr. Haven's position as a repealer of the Nebraska bill, which would alienate the Know-Nothings of the South, and Mr. Hunt's (of La.) deafness and instability, have left the coast clear for Mr. HUMPHREY MARSHALL.

The editorial corps in Norfolk has suffered severely from the yellow fever.—Among the deaths are those of Wm. E. Cunningham and Richard Gatewood, of the Beacon, and Wm. C. Shields, of the Courier. Jas. H. Finch, of the Argus, at the last accounts, was not expected to live. All these gentlemen are said to have labored faithfully for the many sufferers, and were devoted to the public good.

**HOLIER THAN CHRIST.**—The Northwest Indiana Conference of the Methodist E. Church, North, passed a resolution, at its recent session, instructing the delegates to the next General Conference, to use their influence for the passage of a rule prohibiting the reception of any more slaveholding members in the Church, and to fix a time for all slaveholding members in the Church to manumit their slaves, upon penalty of expulsion. The vote on adopting the resolution was ayes 57; noes 23.

**CELEBRATION.**—The 8th anniversary of the capture of the City of Mexico by Gen. Scott's army was celebrated in New York, on the 14th. During the day a society was organized, christened "The Montezuma Association." Com. Perry chosen President. A dinner was also held at Delmonico's, at which were present a large number of officers, who figured in the Mexican war. Capt. Burnet Ward presided. Among the volunteer toasts was one by Col. Ramsey, greeting Com. Perry the future President of the Republic.

**NOT WANTED.**—A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from San Antonio, Texas, says the expedition recently organized by Capt. Henry against Mexico had been partially abandoned, and many of the soldiers had returned home. The last accounts state that Capt. Henry had only about 40 or 50 men, and there was a doubtful rumor that this party was also captured by Gen. Woll, or Indians under Wild Cat. They had been previously informed by both parties in Mexico that their services were not wanted.

The Havana correspondent of the National Intelligencer writes that Santa Anna has, besides his possessions in Venezuela and the United States, for his services, personal and pecuniary, \$2,000,000 with him; in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

**MODEST PRETENSIONS OF GERMANS IN TEXAS.**—What American can read the following extract of a speech lately made publicly in Texas, and hesitate about the righteousness—the necessity of the policy of the American party?

It is found, says the New Orleans Creole, in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

**MODERATE PRETENSIONS OF GERMANS IN TEXAS.**—What American can read the following extract of a speech lately made publicly in Texas, and hesitate about the righteousness—the necessity of the policy of the American party?

It is found, says the New Orleans Creole, in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

There was a sale of \$2,000 Kentucky six per cent bonds, at New York, September 18, at \$101.

The yellow fever is spreading all over the South. It is making terrible havoc at Natchez, Vicksburg and Waterproof. Nearly all the inhabitants of Waterproof are sick.

**Court of Appeals.**—The Court of Appeals assembled on Thursday last. Among the causes decided was Clarke vs. Clarke, from this county, which was affirmed.

**FOUND.**—Major MARKLAND, of Kentucky, a clerk in the Quarter-master General's office at Washington City, recently disappeared; and it was feared he had committed suicide. But a few days since he was discovered near Pittsburgh, in a deranged state of mind. He had walked all the way from Washington.

**THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE.**—The Washington Star reviews the chances of the several candidates of the opposition for Speaker of the next House of Representatives, and disposes of them by saying that Mr. Colman's defeat, Mr. Haven's position as a repealer of the Nebraska bill, which would alienate the Know-Nothings of the South, and Mr. Hunt's (of La.) deafness and instability, have left the coast clear for Mr. HUMPHREY MARSHALL.

The editorial corps in Norfolk has suffered severely from the yellow fever.—Among the deaths are those of Wm. E. Cunningham and Richard Gatewood, of the Beacon, and Wm. C. Shields, of the Courier. Jas. H. Finch, of the Argus, at the last accounts, was not expected to live. All these gentlemen are said to have labored faithfully for the many sufferers, and were devoted to the public good.

**HOLIER THAN CHRIST.**—The Northwest Indiana Conference of the Methodist E. Church, North, passed a resolution, at its recent session, instructing the delegates to the next General Conference, to use their influence for the passage of a rule prohibiting the reception of any more slaveholding members in the Church, and to fix a time for all slaveholding members in the Church to manumit their slaves, upon penalty of expulsion. The vote on adopting the resolution was ayes 57; noes 23.

**CELEBRATION.**—The 8th anniversary of the capture of the City of Mexico by Gen. Scott's army was celebrated in New York, on the 14th. During the day a society was organized, christened "The Montezuma Association." Com. Perry chosen President. A dinner was also held at Delmonico's, at which were present a large number of officers, who figured in the Mexican war. Capt. Burnet Ward presided. Among the volunteer toasts was one by Col. Ramsey, greeting Com. Perry the future President of the Republic.

**NOT WANTED.**—A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from San Antonio, Texas, says the expedition recently organized by Capt. Henry against Mexico had been partially abandoned, and many of the soldiers had returned home. The last accounts state that Capt. Henry had only about 40 or 50 men, and there was a doubtful rumor that this party was also captured by Gen. Woll, or Indians under Wild Cat. They had been previously informed by both parties in Mexico that their services were not wanted.

The Havana correspondent of the National Intelligencer writes that Santa Anna has, besides his possessions in Venezuela and the United States, for his services, personal and pecuniary, \$2,000,000 with him; in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

**MODEST PRETENSIONS OF GERMANS IN TEXAS.**—What American can read the following extract of a speech lately made publicly in Texas, and hesitate about the righteousness—the necessity of the policy of the American party?

It is found, says the New Orleans Creole, in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

There was a sale of \$2,000 Kentucky six per cent bonds, at New York, September 18, at \$101.

The yellow fever is spreading all over the South. It is making terrible havoc at Natchez, Vicksburg and Waterproof. Nearly all the inhabitants of Waterproof are sick.

**Court of Appeals.**—The Court of Appeals assembled on Thursday last. Among the causes decided was Clarke vs. Clarke, from this county, which was affirmed.

**FOUND.**—Major MARKLAND, of Kentucky, a clerk in the Quarter-master General's office at Washington City, recently disappeared; and it was feared he had committed suicide. But a few days since he was discovered near Pittsburgh, in a deranged state of mind. He had walked all the way from Washington.

**THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE.**—The Washington Star reviews the chances of the several candidates of the opposition for Speaker of the next House of Representatives, and disposes of them by saying that Mr. Colman's defeat, Mr. Haven's position as a repealer of the Nebraska bill, which would alienate the Know-Nothings of the South, and Mr. Hunt's (of La.) deafness and instability, have left the coast clear for Mr. HUMPHREY MARSHALL.

The editorial corps in Norfolk has suffered severely from the yellow fever.—Among the deaths are those of Wm. E. Cunningham and Richard Gatewood, of the Beacon, and Wm. C. Shields, of the Courier. Jas. H. Finch, of the Argus, at the last accounts, was not expected to live. All these gentlemen are said to have labored faithfully for the many sufferers, and were devoted to the public good.

**HOLIER THAN CHRIST.**—The Northwest Indiana Conference of the Methodist E. Church, North, passed a resolution, at its recent session, instructing the delegates to the next General Conference, to use their influence for the passage of a rule prohibiting the reception of any more slaveholding members in the Church, and to fix a time for all slaveholding members in the Church to manumit their slaves, upon penalty of expulsion. The vote on adopting the resolution was ayes 57; noes 23.

**CELEBRATION.**—The 8th anniversary of the capture of the City of Mexico by Gen. Scott's army was celebrated in New York, on the 14th. During the day a society was organized, christened "The Montezuma Association." Com. Perry chosen President. A dinner was also held at Delmonico's, at which were present a large number of officers, who figured in the Mexican war. Capt. Burnet Ward presided. Among the volunteer toasts was one by Col. Ramsey, greeting Com. Perry the future President of the Republic.

**NOT WANTED.**—A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from San Antonio, Texas, says the expedition recently organized by Capt. Henry against Mexico had been partially abandoned, and many of the soldiers had returned home. The last accounts state that Capt. Henry had only about 40 or 50 men, and there was a doubtful rumor that this party was also captured by Gen. Woll, or Indians under Wild Cat. They had been previously informed by both parties in Mexico that their services were not wanted.

The Havana correspondent of the National Intelligencer writes that Santa Anna has, besides his possessions in Venezuela and the United States, for his services, personal and pecuniary, \$2,000,000 with him; in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

**MODEST PRETENSIONS OF GERMANS IN TEXAS.**—What American can read the following extract of a speech lately made publicly in Texas, and hesitate about the righteousness—the necessity of the policy of the American party?

It is found, says the New Orleans Creole, in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

There was a sale of \$2,000 Kentucky six per cent bonds, at New York, September 18, at \$101.

The yellow fever is spreading all over the South. It is making terrible havoc at Natchez, Vicksburg and Waterproof. Nearly all the inhabitants of Waterproof are sick.

**Court of Appeals.**—The Court of Appeals assembled on Thursday last. Among the causes decided was Clarke vs. Clarke, from this county, which was affirmed.

**FOUND.**—Major MARKLAND, of Kentucky, a clerk in the Quarter-master General's office at Washington City, recently disappeared; and it was feared he had committed suicide. But a few days since he was discovered near Pittsburgh, in a deranged state of mind. He had walked all the way from Washington.

**THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE.**—The Washington Star reviews the chances of the several candidates of the opposition for Speaker of the next House of Representatives, and disposes of them by saying that Mr. Colman's defeat, Mr. Haven's position as a repealer of the Nebraska bill, which would alienate the Know-Nothings of the South, and Mr. Hunt's (of La.) deafness and instability, have left the coast clear for Mr. HUMPHREY MARSHALL.

The editorial corps in Norfolk has suffered severely from the yellow fever.—Among the deaths are those of Wm. E. Cunningham and Richard Gatewood, of the Beacon, and Wm. C. Shields, of the Courier. Jas. H. Finch, of the Argus, at the last accounts, was not expected to live. All these gentlemen are said to have labored faithfully for the many sufferers, and were devoted to the public good.

**HOLIER THAN CHRIST.**—The Northwest Indiana Conference of the Methodist E. Church, North, passed a resolution, at its recent session, instructing the delegates to the next General Conference, to use their influence for the passage of a rule prohibiting the reception of any more slaveholding members in the Church, and to fix a time for all slaveholding members in the Church to manumit their slaves, upon penalty of expulsion. The vote on adopting the resolution was ayes 57; noes 23.

**CELEBRATION.**—The 8th anniversary of the capture of the City of Mexico by Gen. Scott's army was celebrated in New York, on the 14th. During the day a society was organized, christened "The Montezuma Association." Com. Perry chosen President. A dinner was also held at Delmonico's, at which were present a large number of officers, who figured in the Mexican war. Capt. Burnet Ward presided. Among the volunteer toasts was one by Col. Ramsey, greeting Com. Perry the future President of the Republic.

**NOT WANTED.**—A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from San Antonio, Texas, says the expedition recently organized by Capt. Henry against Mexico had been partially abandoned, and many of the soldiers had returned home. The last accounts state that Capt. Henry had only about 40 or 50 men, and there was a doubtful rumor that this party was also captured by Gen. Woll, or Indians under Wild Cat. They had been previously informed by both parties in Mexico that their services were not wanted.

The Havana correspondent of the National Intelligencer writes that Santa Anna has, besides his possessions in Venezuela and the United States, for his services, personal and pecuniary, \$2,000,000 with him; in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

**MODEST PRETENSIONS OF GERMANS IN TEXAS.**—What American can read the following extract of a speech lately made publicly in Texas, and hesitate about the righteousness—the necessity of the policy of the American party?

It is found, says the New Orleans Creole, in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

There was a sale of \$2,000 Kentucky six per cent bonds, at New York, September 18, at \$101.

The yellow fever is spreading all over the South. It is making terrible havoc at Natchez, Vicksburg and Waterproof. Nearly all the inhabitants of Waterproof are sick.

**Court of Appeals.**—The Court of Appeals assembled on Thursday last. Among the causes decided was Clarke vs. Clarke, from this county, which was affirmed.

**FOUND.**—Major MARKLAND, of Kentucky, a clerk in the Quarter-master General's office at Washington City, recently disappeared; and it was feared he had committed suicide. But a few days since he was discovered near Pittsburgh, in a deranged state of mind. He had walked all the way from Washington.

**THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE.**—The Washington Star reviews the chances of the several candidates of the opposition for Speaker of the next House of Representatives, and disposes of them by saying that Mr. Colman's defeat, Mr. Haven's position as a repealer of the Nebraska bill, which would alienate the Know-Nothings of the South, and Mr. Hunt's (of La.) deafness and instability, have left the coast clear for Mr. HUMPHREY MARSHALL.

The editorial corps in Norfolk has suffered severely from the yellow fever.—Among the deaths are those of Wm. E. Cunningham and Richard Gatewood, of the Beacon, and Wm. C. Shields, of the Courier. Jas. H. Finch, of the Argus, at the last accounts, was not expected to live. All these gentlemen are said to have labored faithfully for the many sufferers, and were devoted to the public good.

**HOLIER THAN CHRIST.**—The Northwest Indiana Conference of the Methodist E. Church, North, passed a resolution, at its recent session, instructing the delegates to the next General Conference, to use their influence for the passage of a rule prohibiting the reception of any more slaveholding members in the Church, and to fix a time for all slaveholding members in the Church to manumit their slaves, upon penalty of expulsion. The vote on adopting the resolution was ayes 57; noes 23.

**CELEBRATION.**—The 8th anniversary of the capture of the City of Mexico by Gen. Scott's army was celebrated in New York, on the 14th. During the day a society was organized, christened "The Montezuma Association." Com. Perry chosen President. A dinner was also held at Delmonico's, at which were present a large number of officers, who figured in the Mexican war. Capt. Burnet Ward presided. Among the volunteer toasts was one by Col. Ramsey, greeting Com. Perry the future President of the Republic.

**NOT WANTED.**—A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from San Antonio, Texas, says the expedition recently organized by Capt. Henry against Mexico had been partially abandoned, and many of the soldiers had returned home. The last accounts state that Capt. Henry had only about 40 or 50 men, and there was a doubtful rumor that this party was also captured by Gen. Woll, or Indians under Wild Cat. They had been previously informed by both parties in Mexico that their services were not wanted.

The Havana correspondent of the National Intelligencer writes that Santa Anna has, besides his possessions in Venezuela and the United States, for his services, personal and pecuniary, \$2,000,000 with him; in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

**MODEST PRETENSIONS OF GERMANS IN TEXAS.**—What American can read the following extract of a speech lately made publicly in Texas, and hesitate about the righteousness—the necessity of the policy of the American party?

It is found, says the New Orleans Creole, in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

There was a sale of \$2,000 Kentucky six per cent bonds, at New York, September 18, at \$101.

The yellow fever is spreading all over the South. It is making terrible havoc at Natchez, Vicksburg and Waterproof. Nearly all the inhabitants of Waterproof are sick.

**Court of Appeals.**—The Court of Appeals assembled on Thursday last. Among the causes decided was Clarke vs. Clarke, from this county, which was affirmed.

**FOUND.**—Major MARKLAND, of Kentucky, a clerk in the Quarter-master General's office at Washington City, recently disappeared; and it was feared he had committed suicide. But a few days since he was discovered near Pittsburgh, in a deranged state of mind. He had walked all the way from Washington.

**THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE.**—The Washington Star reviews the chances of the several candidates of the opposition for Speaker of the next House of Representatives, and disposes of them by saying that Mr. Colman's defeat, Mr. Haven's position as a repealer of the Nebraska bill, which would alienate the Know-Nothings of the South, and Mr. Hunt's (of La.) deafness and instability, have left the coast clear for Mr. HUMPHREY MARSHALL.

The editorial corps in Norfolk has suffered severely from the yellow fever.—Among the deaths are those of Wm. E. Cunningham and Richard Gatewood, of the Beacon, and Wm. C. Shields, of the Courier. Jas. H. Finch, of the Argus, at the last accounts, was not expected to live. All these gentlemen are said to have labored faithfully for the many sufferers, and were devoted to the public good.

**HOLIER THAN CHRIST.**—The Northwest Indiana Conference of the Methodist E. Church, North, passed a resolution, at its recent session, instructing the delegates to the next General Conference, to use their influence for the passage of a rule prohibiting the reception of any more slaveholding members in the Church, and to fix a time for all slaveholding members in the Church to manumit their slaves, upon penalty of expulsion. The vote on adopting the resolution was ayes 57; noes 23.

**CELEBRATION.**—The 8th anniversary of the capture of the City of Mexico by Gen. Scott's army was celebrated in New York, on the 14th. During the day a society was organized, christened "The Montezuma Association." Com. Perry chosen President. A dinner was also held at Delmonico's, at which were present a large number of officers, who figured in the Mexican war. Capt. Burnet Ward presided. Among the volunteer toasts was one by Col. Ramsey, greeting Com. Perry the future President of the Republic.

**NOT WANTED.**—A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from San Antonio, Texas, says the expedition recently organized by Capt. Henry against Mexico had been partially abandoned, and many of the soldiers had returned home. The last accounts state that Capt. Henry had only about 40 or 50 men, and there was a doubtful rumor that this party was also captured by Gen. Woll, or Indians under Wild Cat. They had been previously informed by both parties in Mexico that their services were not wanted.

The Havana correspondent of the National Intelligencer writes that Santa Anna has, besides his possessions in Venezuela and the United States, for his services, personal and pecuniary, \$2,000,000 with him; in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

**MODEST PRETENSIONS OF GERMANS IN TEXAS.**—What American can read the following extract of a speech lately made publicly in Texas, and hesitate about the righteousness—the necessity of the policy of the American party?

It is found, says the New Orleans Creole, in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

There was a sale of \$2,000 Kentucky six per cent bonds, at New York, September 18, at \$101.

The yellow fever is spreading all over the South. It is making terrible havoc at Natchez, Vicksburg and Waterproof. Nearly all the inhabitants of Waterproof are sick.

**Court of Appeals.**—The Court of Appeals assembled on Thursday last. Among the causes decided was Clarke vs. Clarke, from this county, which was affirmed.

**FOUND.**—Major MARKLAND, of Kentucky, a clerk in the Quarter-master General's office at Washington City, recently disappeared; and it was feared he had committed suicide. But a few days since he was discovered near Pittsburgh, in a deranged state of mind. He had walked all the way from Washington.

**THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE.**—The Washington Star reviews the chances of the several candidates of the opposition for Speaker of the next House of Representatives, and disposes of them by saying that Mr. Colman's defeat, Mr. Haven's position as a repealer of the Nebraska bill, which would alienate the Know-Nothings of the South, and Mr. Hunt's (of La.) deafness and instability, have left the coast clear for Mr. HUMPHREY MARSHALL.

The editorial corps in Norfolk has suffered severely from the yellow fever.—Among the deaths are those of Wm. E. Cunningham and Richard Gatewood, of the Beacon, and Wm. C. Shields, of the Courier. Jas. H. Finch, of the Argus, at the last accounts, was not expected to live. All these gentlemen are said to have labored faithfully for the many sufferers, and were devoted to the public good.

**HOLIER THAN CHRIST.**—The Northwest Indiana Conference of the Methodist E. Church, North, passed a resolution, at its recent session, instructing the delegates to the next General Conference, to use their influence for the passage of a rule prohibiting the reception of any more slaveholding members in the Church, and to fix a time for all slaveholding members in the Church to manumit their slaves, upon penalty of expulsion. The vote on adopting the resolution was ayes 57; noes 23.

**CELEBRATION.**—The 8th anniversary of the capture of the City of Mexico by Gen. Scott's army was celebrated in New York, on the 14th. During the day a society was organized, christened "The Montezuma Association." Com. Perry chosen President. A dinner was also held at Delmonico's, at which were present a large number of officers, who figured in the Mexican war. Capt. Burnet Ward presided. Among the volunteer toasts was one by Col. Ramsey, greeting Com. Perry the future President of the Republic.

**NOT WANTED.**—A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from San Antonio, Texas, says the expedition recently organized by Capt. Henry against Mexico had been partially abandoned, and many of the soldiers had returned home. The last accounts state that Capt. Henry had only about 40 or 50 men, and there was a doubtful rumor that this party was also captured by Gen. Woll, or Indians under Wild Cat. They had been previously informed by both parties in Mexico that their services were not wanted.

The Havana correspondent of the National Intelligencer writes that Santa Anna has, besides his possessions in Venezuela and the United States, for his services, personal and pecuniary, \$2,000,000 with him; in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

**MODEST PRETENSIONS OF GERMANS IN TEXAS.**—What American can read the following extract of a speech lately made publicly in Texas, and hesitate about the righteousness—the necessity of the policy of the American party?

It is found, says the New Orleans Creole, in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

There was a sale of \$2,000 Kentucky six per cent bonds, at New York, September 18, at \$101.

The yellow fever is spreading all over the South. It is making terrible havoc at Natchez, Vicksburg and Waterproof. Nearly all the inhabitants of Waterproof are sick.

**Court of Appeals.**—The Court of Appeals assembled on Thursday last. Among the causes decided was Clarke vs. Clarke, from this county, which was affirmed.

**FOUND.**—Major MARKLAND, of Kentucky, a clerk in the Quarter-master General's office at Washington City, recently disappeared; and it was feared he had committed suicide. But a few days since he was discovered near Pittsburgh, in a deranged state of mind. He had walked all the way from Washington.

**THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE.**—The Washington Star reviews the chances of the several candidates of the opposition for Speaker of the next House of Representatives, and disposes of them by saying that Mr. Colman's defeat, Mr. Haven's position as a repealer of the Nebraska bill, which would alienate the Know-Nothings of the South, and Mr. Hunt's (of La.) deafness and instability, have left the coast clear for Mr. HUMPHREY MARSHALL.

The editorial corps in Norfolk has suffered severely from the yellow fever.—Among the deaths are those of Wm. E. Cunningham and Richard Gatewood, of the Beacon, and Wm. C. Shields, of the Courier. Jas. H. Finch, of the Argus, at the last accounts, was not expected to live. All these gentlemen are said to have labored faithfully for the many sufferers, and were devoted to the public good.

**HOLIER THAN CHRIST.**—The Northwest Indiana Conference of the Methodist E. Church, North, passed a resolution, at its recent session, instructing the delegates to the next General Conference, to use their influence for the passage of a rule prohibiting the reception of any more slaveholding members in the Church, and to fix a time for all slaveholding members in the Church to manumit their slaves, upon penalty of expulsion. The vote on adopting the resolution was ayes 57; noes 23.

**CELEBRATION.**—The 8th anniversary of the capture of the City of Mexico by Gen. Scott's army was celebrated in New York, on the 14th. During the day a society was organized, christened "The Montezuma Association." Com. Perry chosen President. A dinner was also held at Delmonico's, at which were present a large number of officers, who figured in the Mexican war. Capt. Burnet Ward presided. Among the volunteer toasts was one by Col. Ramsey, greeting Com. Perry the future President of the Republic.

**NOT WANTED.**—A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from San Antonio, Texas, says the expedition recently organized by Capt. Henry against Mexico had been partially abandoned, and many of the soldiers had returned home. The last accounts state that Capt. Henry had only about 40 or 50 men, and there was a doubtful rumor that this party was also captured by Gen. Woll, or Indians under Wild Cat. They had been previously informed by both parties in Mexico that their services were not wanted.

The Havana correspondent of the National Intelligencer writes that Santa Anna has, besides his possessions in Venezuela and the United States, for his services, personal and pecuniary, \$2,000,000 with him; in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

**MODEST PRETENSIONS OF GERMANS IN TEXAS.**—What American can read the following extract of a speech lately made publicly in Texas, and hesitate about the righteousness—the necessity of the policy of the American party?

It is found, says the New Orleans Creole, in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

There was a sale of \$2,000 Kentucky six per cent bonds, at New York, September 18, at \$101.

The yellow fever is spreading all over the South. It is making terrible havoc at Natchez, Vicksburg and Waterproof. Nearly all the inhabitants of Waterproof are sick.

**Court of Appeals.**—The Court of Appeals assembled on Thursday last. Among the causes decided was Clarke vs. Clarke, from this county, which was affirmed.

**FOUND.**—Major MARKLAND, of Kentucky, a clerk in the Quarter-master General's office at Washington City, recently disappeared; and it was feared he had committed suicide. But a few days since he was discovered near Pittsburgh, in a deranged state of mind. He had walked all the way from Washington.

**THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE.**—The Washington Star reviews the chances of the several candidates of the opposition for Speaker of the next House of Representatives, and disposes of them by saying that Mr. Colman's defeat, Mr. Haven's position as a repealer of the Nebraska bill, which would alienate the Know-Nothings of the South, and Mr. Hunt's (of La.) deafness and instability, have left the coast clear for Mr. HUMPHREY MARSHALL.

The editorial corps in Norfolk has suffered severely from the yellow fever.—Among the deaths are those of Wm. E. Cunningham and Richard Gatewood, of the Beacon, and Wm. C. Shields, of the Courier. Jas. H. Finch, of the Argus, at the last accounts, was not expected to live. All these gentlemen are said to have labored faithfully for the many sufferers, and were devoted to the public good.

**HOLIER THAN CHRIST.**—The Northwest Indiana Conference of the Methodist E. Church, North, passed a resolution, at its recent session, instructing the delegates to the next General Conference, to use their influence for the passage of a rule prohibiting the reception of any more slaveholding members in the Church, and to fix a time for all slaveholding members in the Church to manumit their slaves, upon penalty of expulsion. The vote on adopting the resolution was ayes 57; noes 23.

**CELEBRATION.**—The 8th anniversary of the capture of the City of Mexico by Gen. Scott's army was celebrated in New York, on the 14th. During the day a society was organized, christened "The Montezuma Association." Com. Perry chosen President. A dinner was also held at Delmonico's, at which were present a large number of officers, who figured in the Mexican war. Capt. Burnet Ward presided. Among the volunteer toasts was one by Col. Ramsey, greeting Com. Perry the future President of the Republic.

**NOT WANTED.**—A correspondent of the New York Times, writing from San Antonio, Texas, says the expedition recently organized by Capt. Henry against Mexico had been partially abandoned, and many of the soldiers had returned home. The last accounts state that Capt. Henry had only about 40 or 50 men, and there was a doubtful rumor that this party was also captured by Gen. Woll, or Indians under Wild Cat. They had been previously informed by both parties in Mexico that their services were not wanted.

The Havana correspondent of the National Intelligencer writes that Santa Anna has, besides his possessions in Venezuela and the United States, for his services, personal and pecuniary, \$2,000,000 with him; in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

**MODEST PRETENSIONS OF GERMANS IN TEXAS.**—What American can read the following extract of a speech lately made publicly in Texas, and hesitate about the righteousness—the necessity of the policy of the American party?

It is found, says the New Orleans Creole, in the Bank of England and other places of deposit, an equal or larger sum; and in the United States several hundred thousand dollars, making an estimate of his property, all told out of Mexico, \$7,000,000.

There was a sale of \$2,000 Kentucky six per cent bonds, at New York, September 18, at \$101.

The yellow fever is spreading all over the South. It is making terrible havoc at Natchez, Vicksburg and Waterproof. Nearly all the inhabitants of Waterproof are sick.

**Court of Appeals.**—The Court of Appeals assembled on Thursday last. Among the causes decided was Clarke vs. Clarke, from this county, which was affirmed.

**FOUND.**—Major MARKLAND, of Kentucky, a clerk in the Quarter-master General's office at Washington City, recently disappeared; and it was feared he had committed suicide. But a few days since he was discovered near Pittsburgh, in a deranged state of mind. He had walked all the way from Washington.

**THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE HOUSE.**—The Washington Star reviews the chances of the several candidates of the opposition for Speaker of the next House of Representatives, and disposes of them by saying that Mr. Colman's defeat, Mr. Haven's position as a repealer of the Nebraska bill, which would alienate the Know-Nothings of the South, and Mr. Hunt's (of La.) deafness and instability, have left the coast clear for Mr. HUMPHREY MARSHALL.

The editorial corps in Norfolk has suffered severely from the yellow fever.—Among the deaths are those of Wm. E. Cunningham and Richard Gatewood, of the Beacon, and Wm. C. Shields, of



1

for the  
KT.  
room re-  
which he  
pleased  
one.  
ALS  
Haynes  
warrant-  
ly are in-  
Good.  
ES.  
Bryan's  
Hydra-  
ment's and  
anic Oil;  
yurp Sar-  
R. E.  
Medicines  
ORS.  
nts. Oil  
ry of D.  
sters to be  
redients  
purchas-  
ed to sell  
Columbian  
for the  
DORE.  
1728  
and DYE  
WARE,  
he attem-  
generally  
ch, which  
not in such  
all at low  
at dealer,  
at Louis-  
believes  
can buy  
to be ad-  
tment of  
Dye-  
es of all  
HALL.  
2736  
SES;  
HALL.  
HALL.  
ashed and  
HALL.  
HALL  
valuable  
HALL.  
SHOT  
and for  
es!  
for medi-  
of Fever-  
Port and  
WHIS  
HALL.  
ceived per  
HALL.  
g Stand-  
ped and  
ment, table  
will, cross  
our litter;  
ly broad,  
aspas and  
for; table  
Ac., for  
HALL.  
S,  
for the  
s, Indi-  
Fevera,  
dumma-  
s, Back,  
Indred,  
s, Medi-  
ch sick-  
a harm-  
y need,  
table of  
ments and  
avoided  
negative.  
ments, and  
or come or  
tempera  
Hence a  
stance to  
perfected  
An  
Profes-  
passing  
Cures  
not sub-  
with.  
n we are  
ded Sur-  
of the  
of P-2-  
ng med-  
nt mer-  
of the  
Mass.  
hundred  
He have  
ng than  
men is  
tion and  
rest and  
medical  
not of  
virtues  
chemical  
together  
n. This  
s found  
roduce a  
can ob-  
ctively ob-  
tion, ex-  
of acrid  
ch indi-  
norative  
on qual-  
bad, the  
ee it is  
ry here  
a sur-  
y other  
edicha  
teadings  
dge of s  
I have  
th my  
body of  
Amer-  
be say  
will be  
ed, how  
own  
ave ne  
ed open  
dge on  
nditions  
ral sta-  
ndards of  
my con-  
deries of  
e will,  
n more  
on the  
ulate is  
ous of  
of the  
th, and  
n sub-  
e from  
on the  
s, and  
nial.  
r 31.  
ville, Ky